

IC 22-2-5

Chapter 5. Frequency of Wage Payments

IC 22-2-5-1

Payment; voluntarily leaving employment

Sec. 1. (a) Every person, firm, corporation, limited liability company, or association, their trustees, lessees, or receivers appointed by any court, doing business in Indiana, shall pay each employee at least semimonthly or biweekly, if requested, the amount due the employee. The payment shall be made in lawful money of the United States, by negotiable check, draft, or money order, or by electronic transfer to the financial institution designated by the employee. Any contract in violation of this subsection is void.

(b) Payment shall be made for all wages earned to a date not more than ten (10) days prior to the date of payment. However, this subsection does not prevent payments being made at shorter intervals than specified in this subsection, nor repeal any law providing for payments at shorter intervals. However, if an employee voluntarily leaves employment, either permanently or temporarily, the employer shall not be required to pay the employee an amount due the employee until the next usual and regular day for payment of wages, as established by the employer. If an employee leaves employment voluntarily, and without the employee's whereabouts or address being known to the employer, the employer is not subject to section 2 of this chapter until:

(1) ten (10) days have elapsed after the employee has made a demand for the wages due the employee; or

(2) the employee has furnished the employer with the employee's address where the wages may be sent or forwarded.

(Formerly: Acts 1933, c.47, s.1; Acts 1971, P.L.350, SEC.1.) As amended by P.L.216-1989, SEC.2; P.L.8-1993, SEC.273.

IC 22-2-5-1.1

Employees eligible for overtime compensation; exemption from

IC 22-2-5-1

Sec. 1.1. Salaried employees who are eligible for overtime compensation under the Fair Labor Standards Act (29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) are specifically exempted from section 1 of this chapter.

As added by P.L.143-1988, SEC.1.

IC 22-2-5-2

Failure to pay; damages; actions for recovery

Sec. 2. Every such person, firm, corporation, limited liability company, or association who shall fail to make payment of wages to any such employee as provided in section 1 of this chapter shall, as liquidated damages for such failure, pay to such employee for each day that the amount due to him remains unpaid ten percent (10%) of the amount due to him in addition thereto, not exceeding double the amount of wages due, and said damages may be recovered in any court having jurisdiction of a suit to recover the amount due to such

employee, and in any suit so brought to recover said wages or the liquidated damages for nonpayment thereof, or both, the court shall tax and assess as costs in said case a reasonable fee for the plaintiff's attorney or attorneys.

(Formerly: Acts 1933, c.47, s.2.) As amended by P.L.144-1986, SEC.8; P.L.8-1993, SEC.274.

IC 22-2-5-3

Agricultural workers; exemptions

Sec. 3. Farmers and those engaged in the business of agriculture and horticulture shall be specifically exempt from the provisions of this chapter.

(Formerly: Acts 1933, c.47, s.3.) As amended by P.L.144-1986, SEC.9.